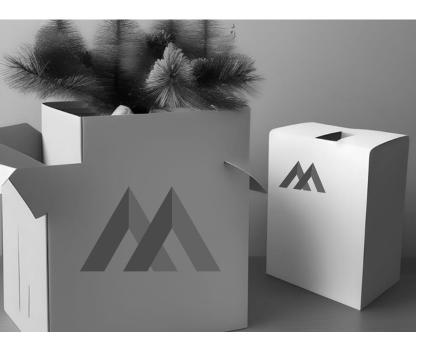
Transforming biomass into bioproducts for a more sustainable world

Barclays Leveraged Finance Conference

May 20 – 21, 2025



Forward-Looking Statements









The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements.

Certain information included in this presentation contains statements that are forward-looking, such as statements relating to results of operations and financial conditions, market expectations and business development activities, as well as capital spending and financing sources.

Such forward-looking information involves important risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect anticipated results in the future and, accordingly, such results may differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of Mercer.

For more information regarding these risks and uncertainties, review Mercer's filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Unless required by law, we do not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements based on unanticipated events or changed expectations.



Our Vision

Transforming biomass into bioproducts for a more sustainable world

Our Strategic Pillars

Operational Excellence



Maintaining industry leading core operations

Synergistic Diversification



Synergistic diversification of operations

Circular Economy



Meaningful contributions to the circular economy

Our Values

+ Be Safe & Healthy

By improving processes and promoting awareness

+ Be Bold

By seizing innovative and unique ideas, solutions, and opportunities

+ Be Respectful

By building a culture of diversity and inclusion

+ Be Sustainable

By balancing social, environmental, and economic values

Investment Highlights



Synergistic operational clusters, integrating across the forest product value chain to optimize fiber utilization



Strategic, purposeful diversification to reduce earnings cyclicality



Company wide focus on aggressive cost reduction and strong mill reliability



History of proactive capital investments to preserve asset quality and enable future growth



Environmental and social responsibility leader with ESG ingrained in our strategy to add value and competitive edge

Global Megatrends Driving Long-Term Demand



348 million

Tonnes of global plastic production

15%

2050 Global carbon emissions from plastic

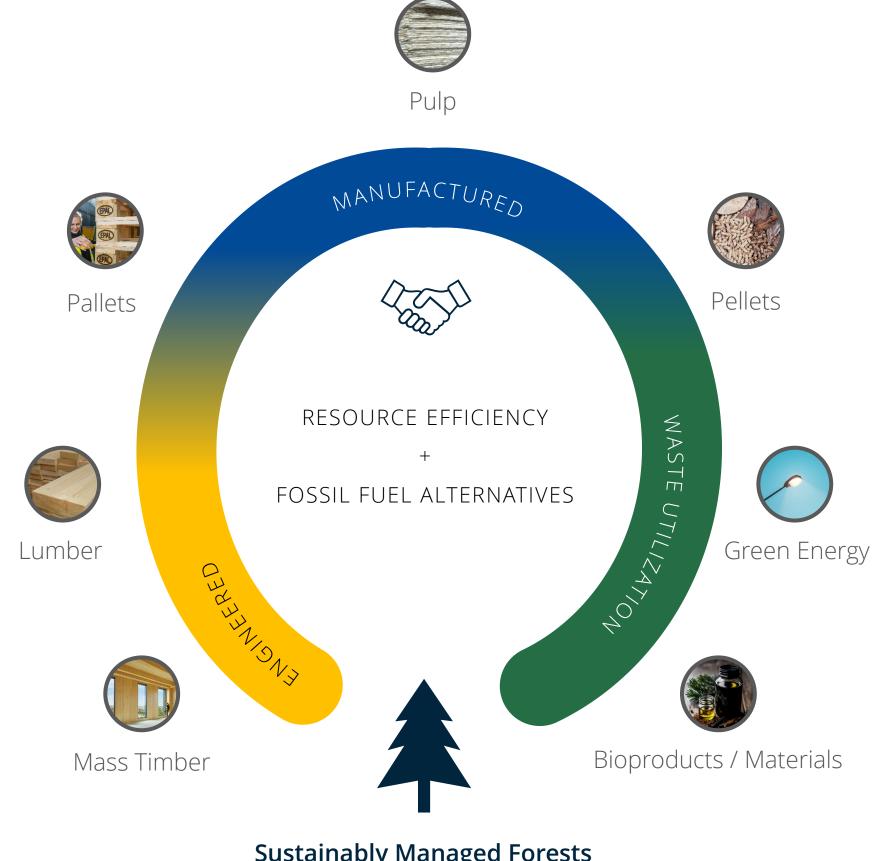
11%

Global carbon emissions from steel / concrete construction



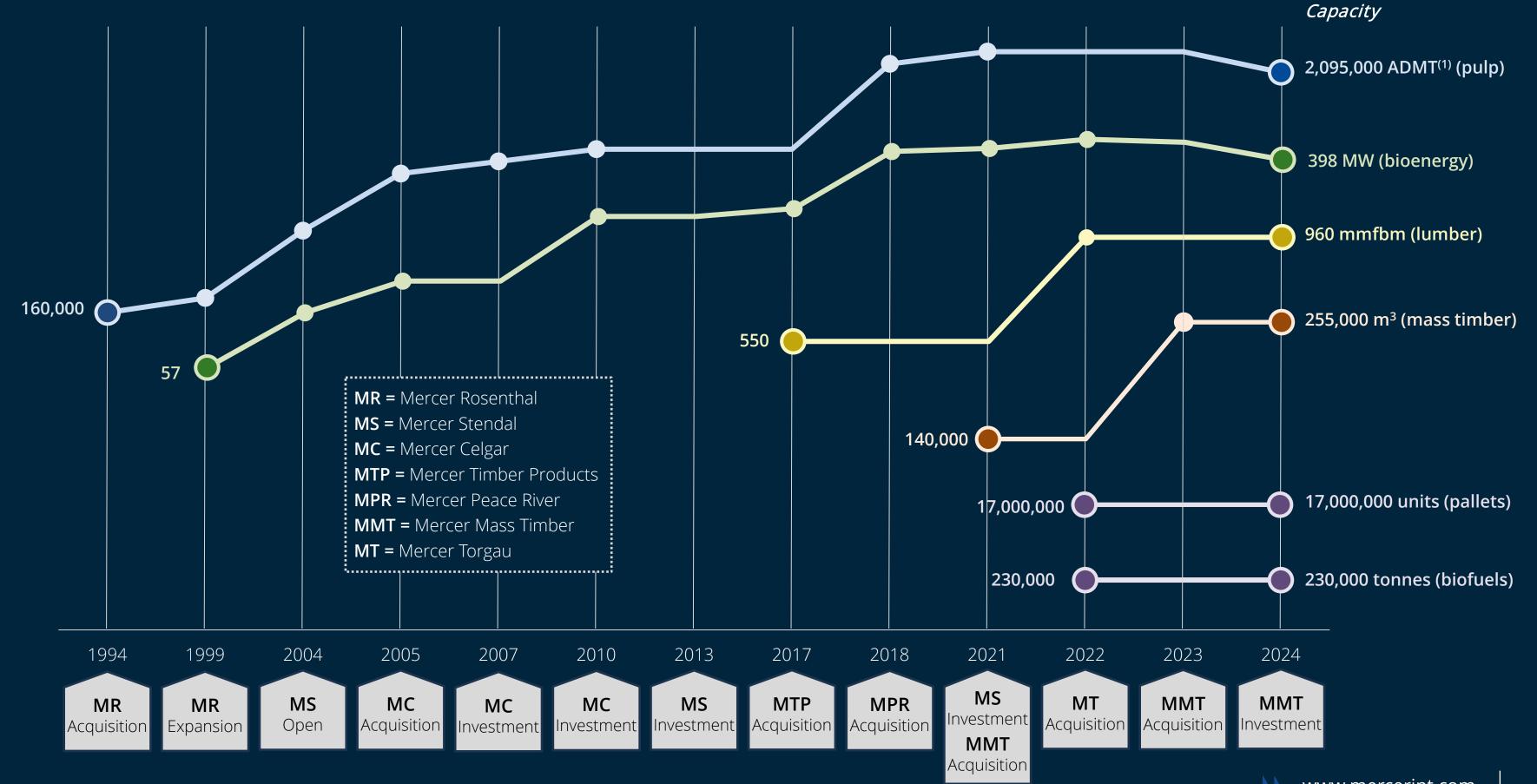
A 5% displacement of plastic and 1% displacement of traditional building materials could create 17 million tonnes of new pulp demand, and a \$10 billion market opportunity.

Maximizing Value Through Purposeful Diversification



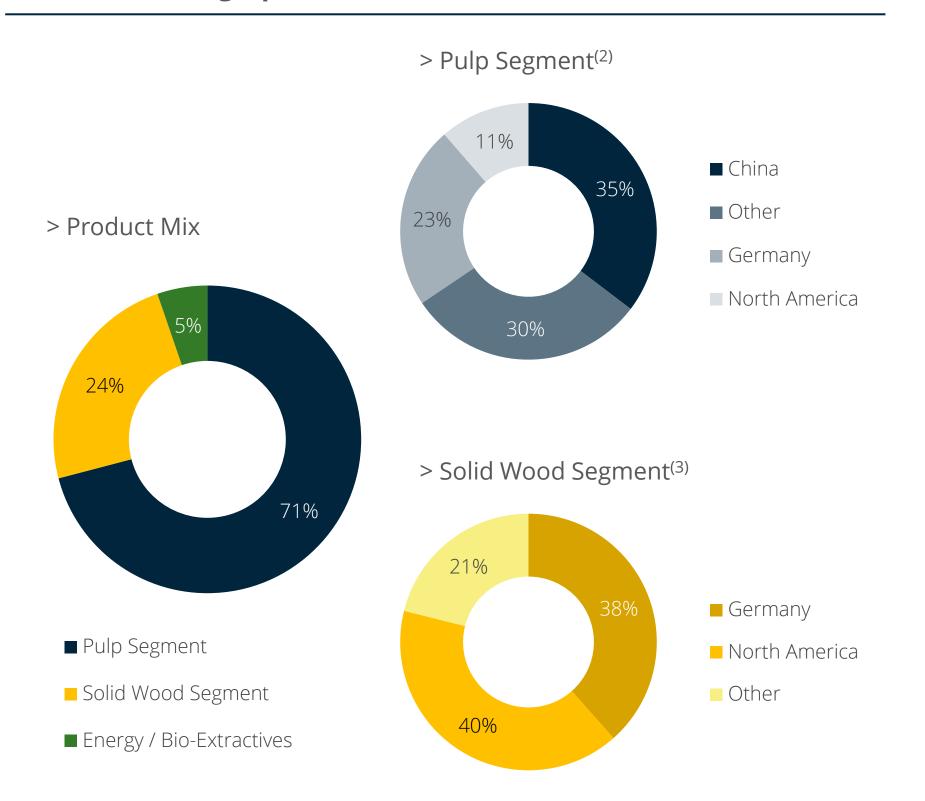
Sustainably Managed Forests

Sustained Growth and Diversification

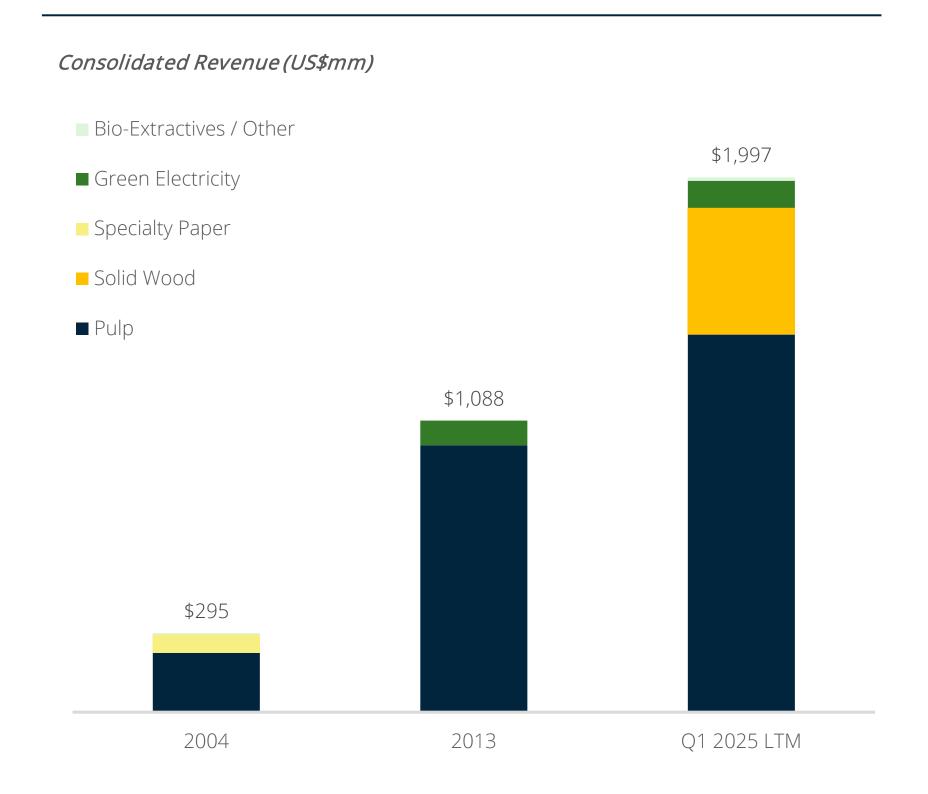


Evolving Sales Mix

Diversified Geographies and Products(1)...



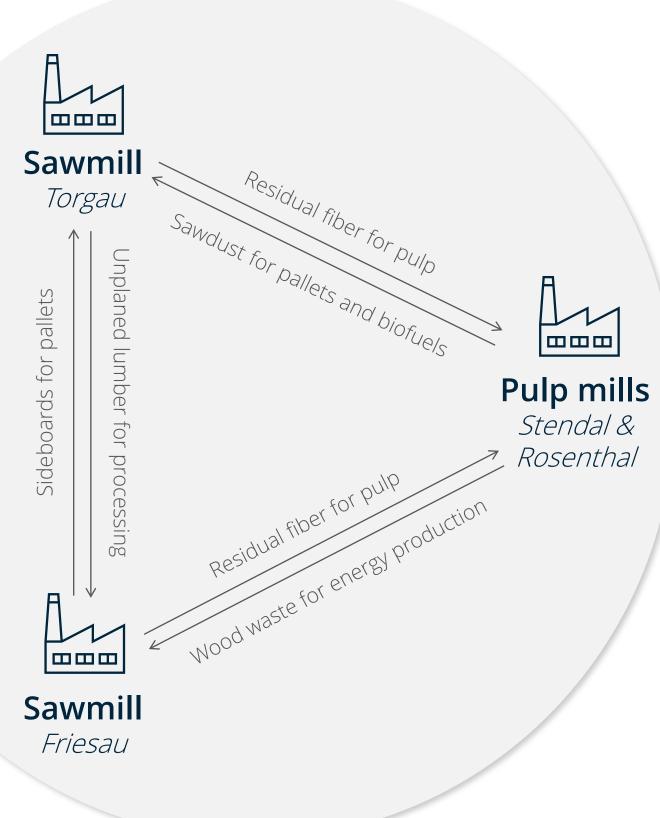
... Continued Commitment to Sustained Growth



Leveraging
Geographic
Clusters
to

Maximize Synergies and Value





Strategic Focus



Targeting **\$100 million** in cost savings by 2026 compared to 2024, achieved through two key avenues

- (1) Maximizing the Operating Rates of Our Mills
 - Increasing operating margins to provide more funds to allocate towards debt reduction
 - Strong focus on mill reliability initiatives



Direct Cost Savings

- Aggressive cost reduction programs across all assets
- Prudent capital management
- Operational rationalization



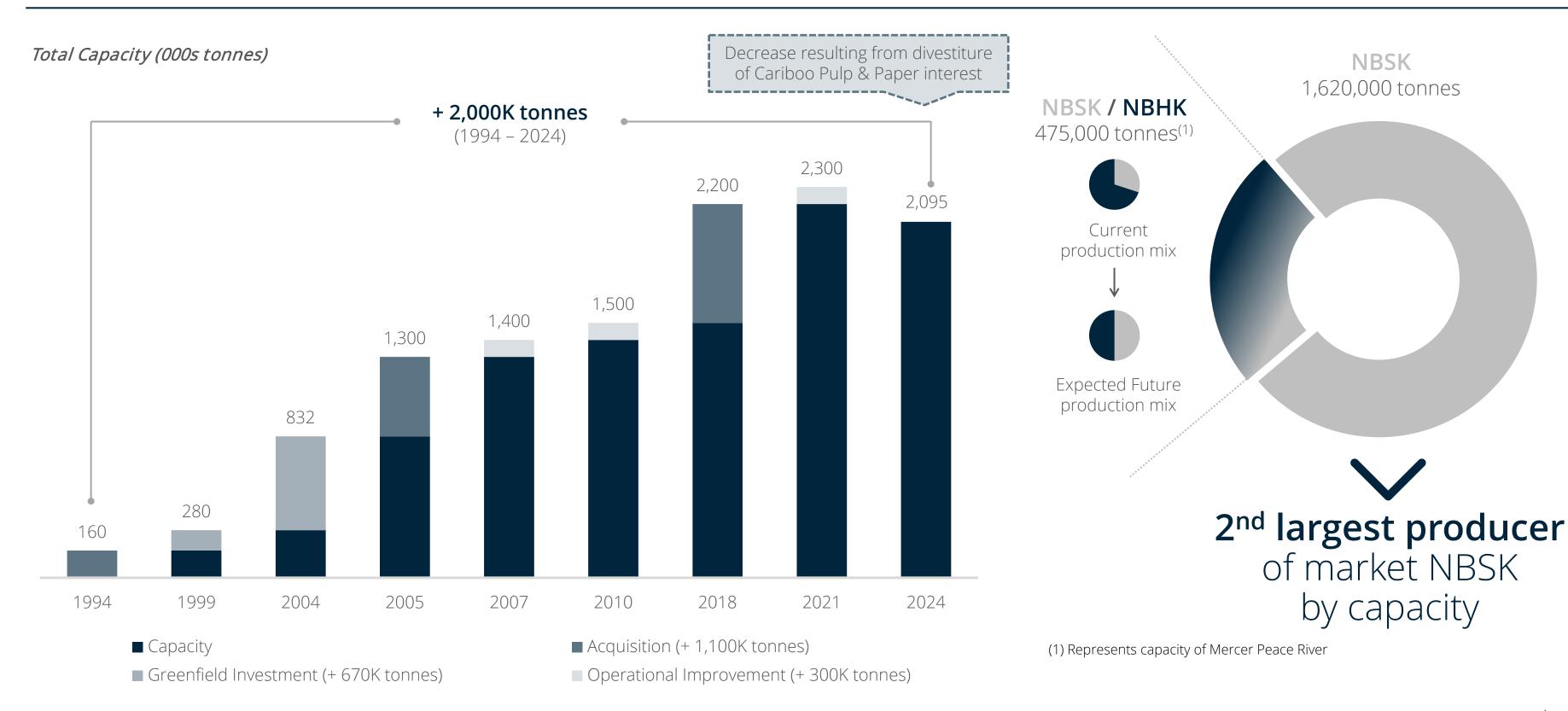
Committed to increasing shareholder value by **reducing leverage** amidst global economic uncertainty

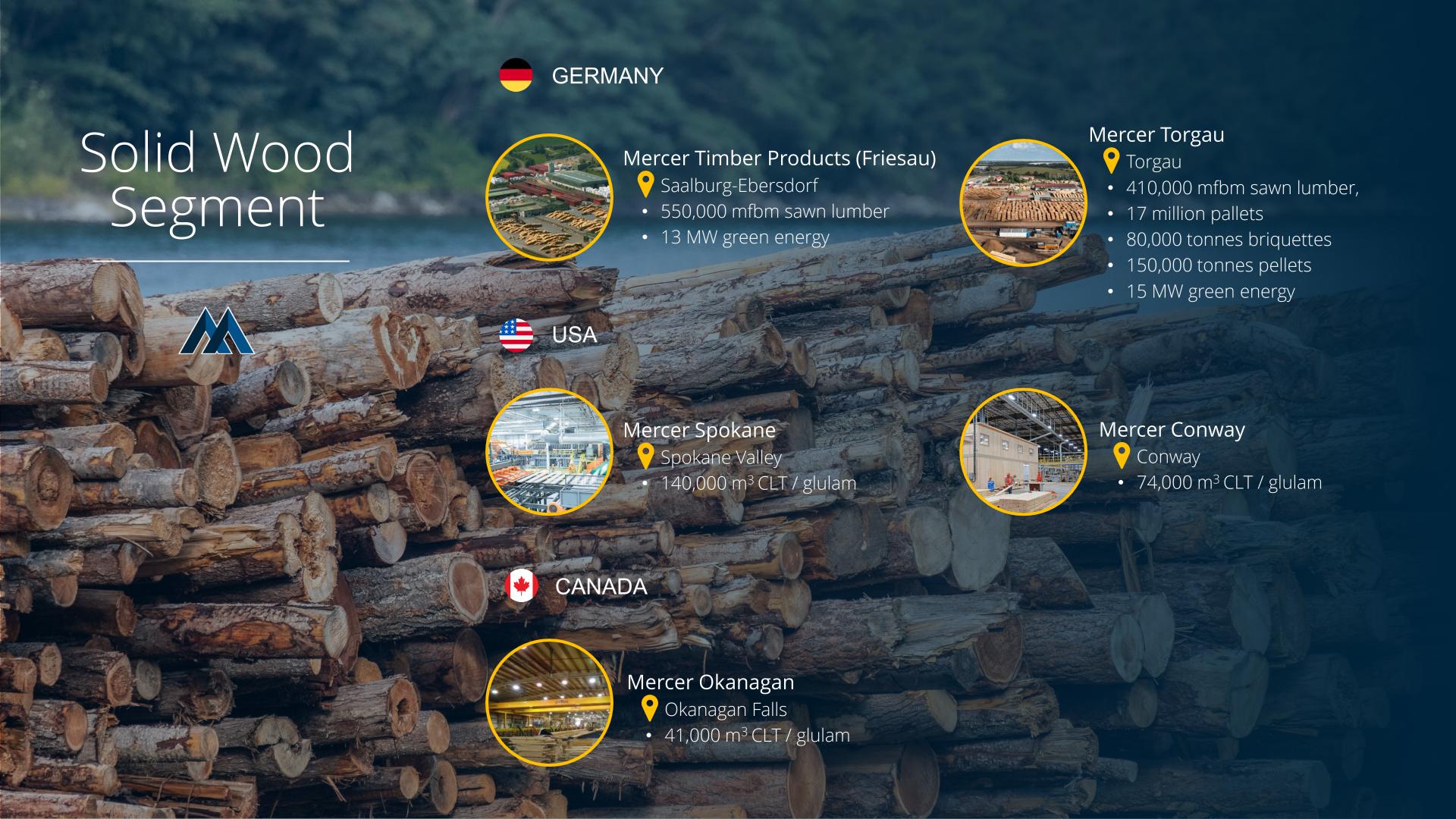




Continued Optimization

Mercer's Pulp Capacity has Increased Over 10-Fold Since 1994





Continued Expansion to Capture Synergies

Mercer's two sawmills are amongst the largest globally....





Expansive range of metric and US dimension grades for flexibility in targeting all major world markets coupled with strategic investments to ramp up lumber capacity at

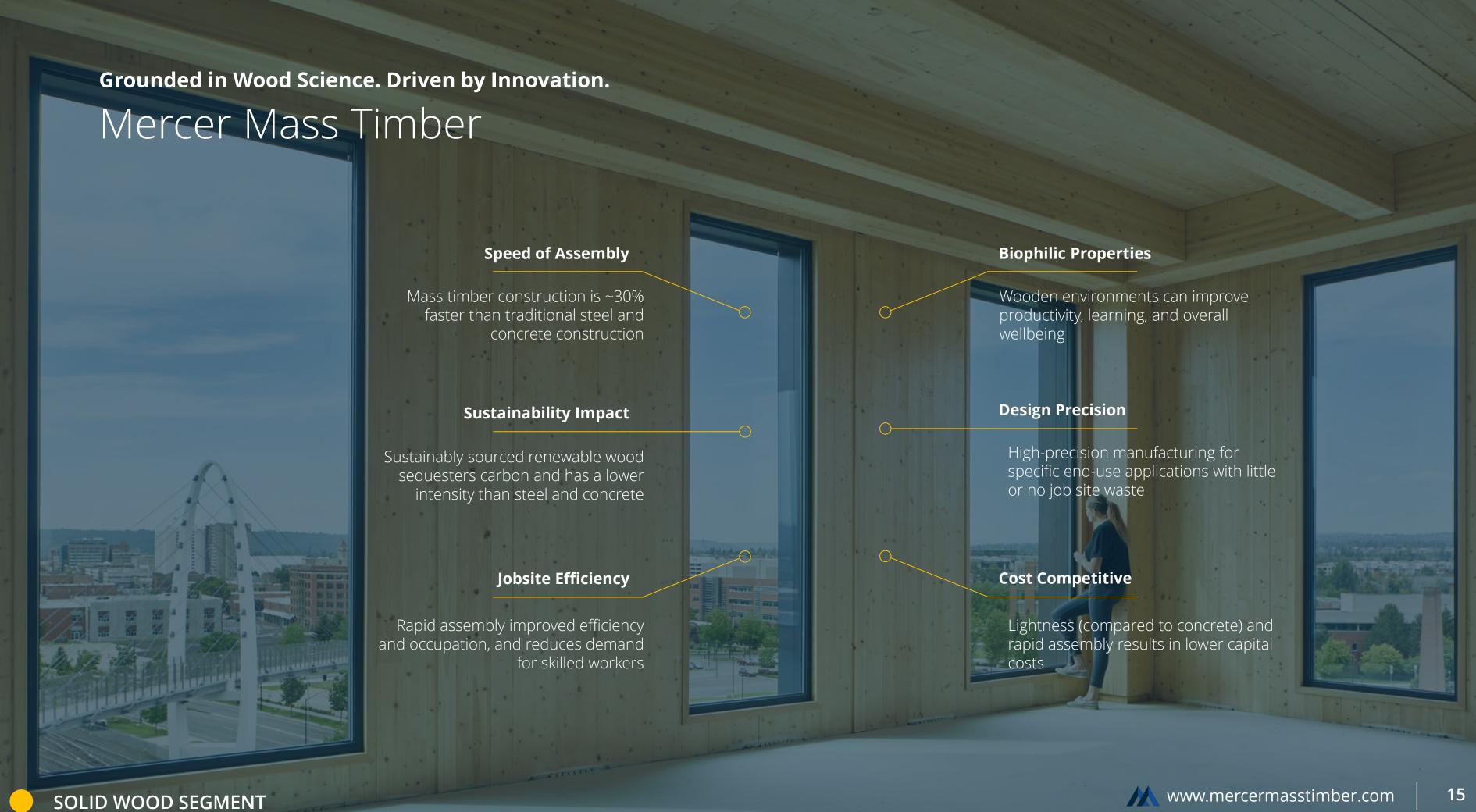
Torgau starting this year

...And is the Largest EPAL Pallet Producer









Largest Mass Timber Panel Manufacturer by Installed Capacity in North America

North American facilities with wide geographic reach

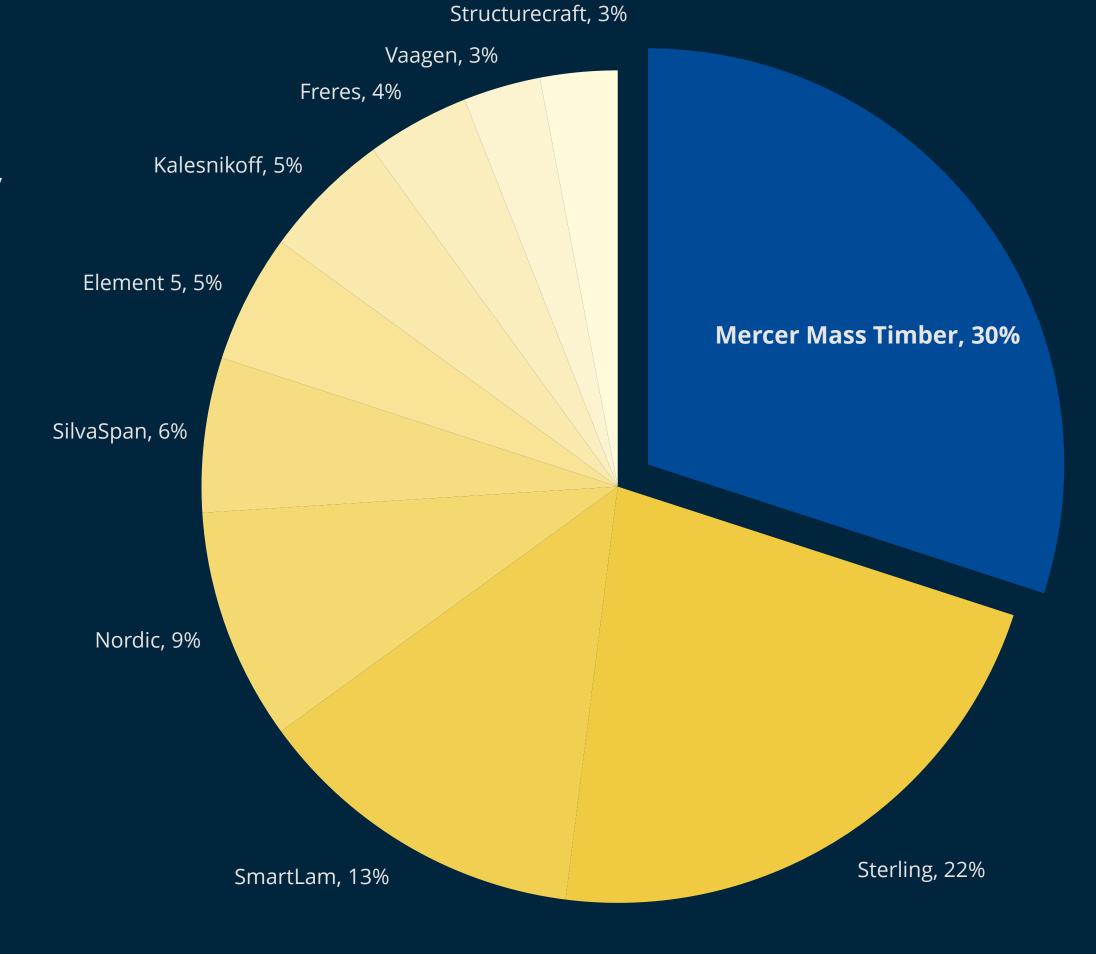
State-of-the-art facilities in Northwest and Southwest United States

45,000 m³

210,000 m³

Total glulam capacity

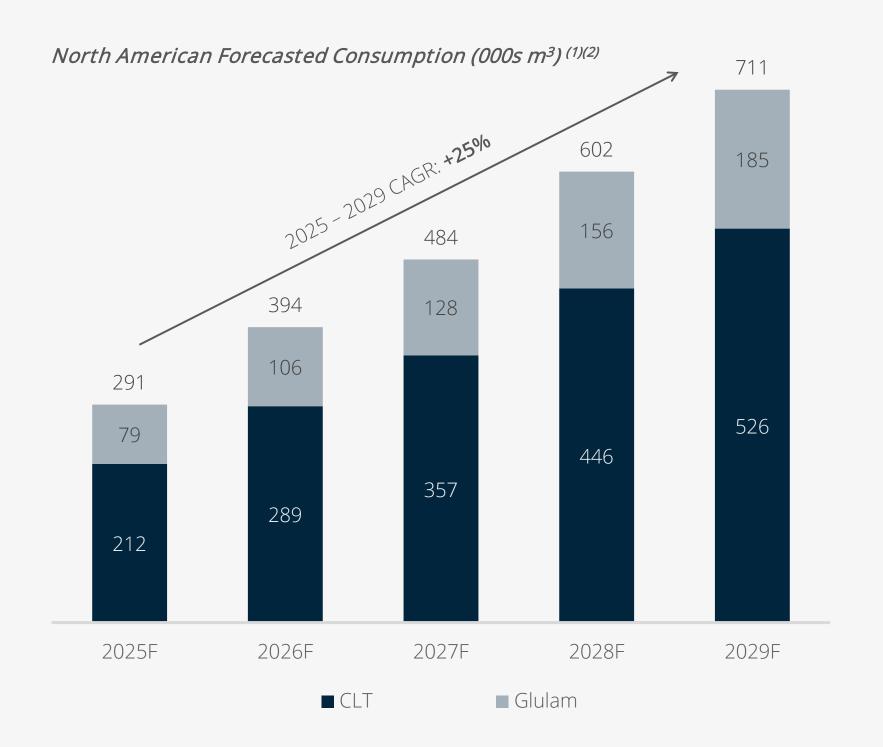
Total CLT capacity





Mass Timber Market Overview

Unprecedented Projected Growth





Mass Timber is on the Rise

From 2014 to 2024, the floor area of US Projects started or completed has grown from 0.2 million ft² to 7.4 million ft², with 75.3 million ft² currently in design. ⁽¹⁾



Evolving Building Codes

Government appetite for tall wood buildings continues to increase, with both Canada and the US now permitting up to 18 stories.



Intensifying ESG Efforts

Mass timber buildings emit anywhere from 14% to 52% less carbon than buildings made from steel and concrete. (1)

⁽¹⁾ Source: FEA 2024 Mass Timber Annual Report

⁽²⁾ As of mid-2024

Bioenergy and Biomaterials

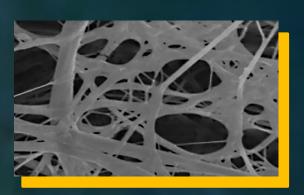


Green Energy



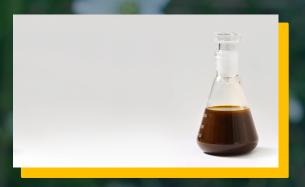
 Over 900 GWh of surplus electricity from biomass every year, enough to power ~80,500 homes without fossil fuels.

Performance BioFilaments



Mercer's joint venture with Resolute
 Forest Products to develop commercial applications for cellulose filaments, in unconventional industries.

Tall Oil



 A clean, renewable alternative to petrochemicals such as crude oil, produced at our Stendal and Rosenthal mills.

Turpentine



 A sustainable extractive of pulp mill processes, indispensable to producers of fragrances for scenting products like perfumes and deodorants.

Mercer Lignin Centre

Overview



Mercer Lignin Centre

- (°) Mercer Rosenthal
- 250 tonnes high quality lignin / year

Mercer Lignin Centre is a **state-of- the-art facility** located at the
Rosenthal pulp mill for **full utilization**of wood resources

 Lignin is a traditionally underutilized natural polymer in plant cell walls and can be refined into valuable aromatic compounds and chemical building blocks

Industries





Energy Storage





End Uses

Phenolic Compounds for Epoxy Resins

Epoxy resins are key in applications such as adhesives, coatings, and composite matrices used in automotive, aerospace, and construction sectors

Graphitized Lignin for Battery Anodes

Graphitized lignin is an attractive candidate for anodes in lithium-ion batteries, offering a renewable and potentially lower-cost alternative for powering electric vehicles, portable electronics, and grid storage systems

Carbon Black Production

Lignin can be processed into carbon black, a reinforcing filler commonly used in the tire and rubber industry, additionally, carbon black is used in plastics, inks, and coatings

Activated Carbon for Filtration and Adsorption

Lignin can be processed into activated carbon, which is widely used for water and air purification



Shifting Strategy in Line with Economic Conditions

Past



Strategy:

Inorganic growth through acquisitions, expansion of product offerings

Economy:

Economic tailwinds, lower interest rates and increasing commodity prices







Present



Seeking to reduce debt / deleverage to lower weighted average coupon rate on debt:

- \$100 million company-wide cost savings by the end of 2026
- Strong mill reliability & operational rationalizations

Evolving economic conditions, elevated interest rates, moderated wood product prices, and dynamic trade landscapes

Maturity	Previous Debt	October '24 Refinancing (US\$mm)	Current Debt	Coupon Rate
2025		(Ο3ΦΙΙΙΙΙΙ)		(%)
2023	_	_	_	_
2026	\$300	(\$300)	_	_
2027	_	-	_	_
2028	\$200	+ \$200	\$400	12.88%
2029	\$875	-	\$875	5.13%
Total	\$1,375	(\$100)	\$1,275	_

- Weighted average maturity of senior debt: 2029
- Weighted average coupon: 7.56%
- Current debt rating: B (S&P); B2 (Moody's)
- Liquidity (as of Q1 2025):

US\$182mm	US\$289mm
■ Cash	■ Undrawn Revolvers

Sustainability Framework

ESG-Linked Loan

Mercer has an ESG-linked €370 million revolving credit facility with a five-year term

- The facility's borrowing cost is linked to three ESG-related metrics, including reduction in scope 1 GHG emissions intensity, increase in percentage of certified fiber sourced, and lowering of Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating score.
- Mercer's 2024 Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating has improved by 4.0 points since 2023.



2023 ESG Risk Rating

21.4

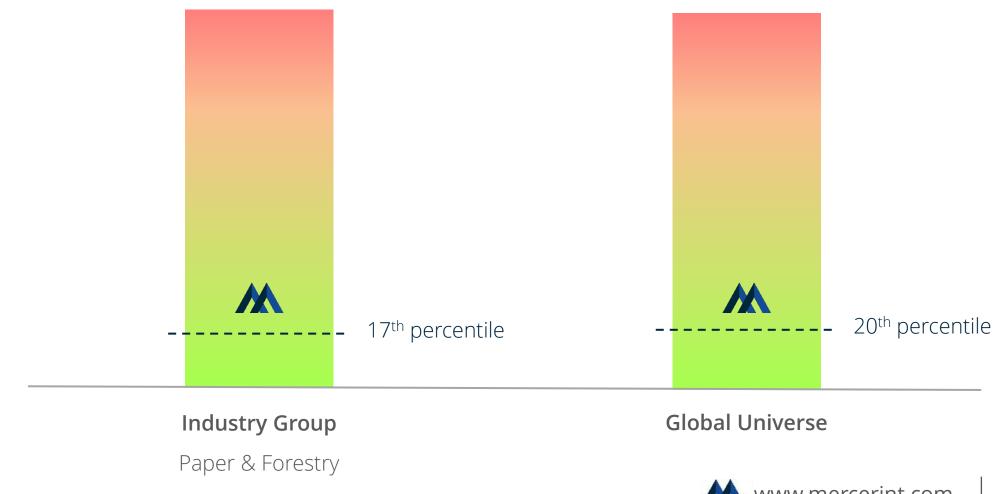
Negligible	Low	Medium	High	Severe
0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 +

2024 ESG Risk Rating⁽¹⁾

17.6

Negligible	Low	Medium	High	Severe	
0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 +	

Mercer is Among the Lowest Rated Risk In its Industry Group and Globally



Entering a New Frontier – Integrated Biorefineries



Operational pilot plant & exploring commercialization



Green Carbon Products















- Advanced to the Front-End Engineering and Design Phase 2 (FEL-2) to install a carbon capture plant at one of our pulp mills
- Exploring stable carbon products such as biochar to support climate mitigation strategies

 Enabling greener air travel, SAF is a key renewable fuel synthesized from biomass intermediates, serving as a direct substitute for traditional fossil jet fuel A versatile gaseous fuel produced via wood fiber conversion, essential as a chemical building block for producing sustainable liquid fuels and to replace natural gas consumption A sustainable polymer recovered from pulp mill processes, valuable as a renewable feedstock for creating bio-based chemicals, resins, and advanced materials



Managing Tariff Related Uncertainties



Our products have not been impacted by tariffs



Considerations Moving Forward

- Pulp and mass timber imports from Canada and lumber imports from Germany are not currently subject to tariffs, but under a Section 232 review
- Wood chips imported from the U.S. poses potential counter-tariff risk if trade tensions escalate
- Beginning to see exposure in the form of secondary effects



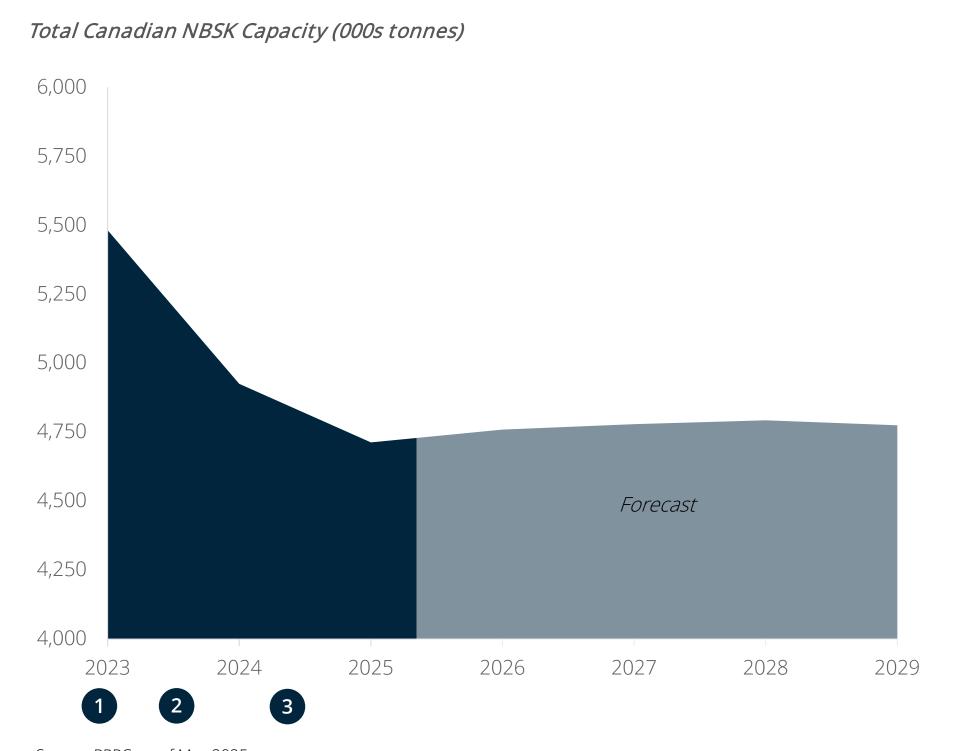
- We are closely monitoring the tariff situation and working closely with our industry associations
- We are taking proactive steps, including more dialogue with our customers, to mitigate potential risks to our business
- Our focus will be to largely leverage the strong relationships we have built with customers and suppliers and our geographic and market diversification to navigate this period of uncertainty and volatility

Current and Forward-Looking Market Conditions

Softwood Pulp	 Lack of material greenfield NBSK capacity additions coupled with closures / curtailments (e.g. Metsa Fibre, Canfor Prince George, Paper Excellence Ashdown, Stora Enso) is maintaining favorable supply-demand fundamentals. Steady demand coupled with global supply constraints will continue to create favorable conditions for softwood pulp prices. Prices moved up in Q1 2025, and further upward pressure expected in most markets in Q2 due to supply demand dynamics.
Hardwood Pulp	Most growth in hardwood shipments will be from new eucalyptus capacity coming online from Liansheng, Arauco, UPM, and Suzano; late 2024 saw downward pressure on hardwood pulp prices as the market digested this new source of supply. Q1 2025 saw modest price improvements in China due to seasonally strong demand and supply constraints from announced curtailments and producer maintenance downtime.
Lumber	Expected lumber pricing to be modestly weaker in the US market at the end of Q2 due to the impact of the current economic environment on customer demand Supply-demand rebalancing is underway due to production curtailments by major producers (Canfor, West Fraser, Weyerhaeuser and Interfor). Proposed softwood lumber tariff hikes and transportation challenges are driving short-term market volatility.
Mass Timber	 ◆ Order book growing due to strong interest in mass timber projects and expected strong 2026 production and sales. ◆ North American construction CLT consumption more than doubled between 2019 and 2024; annual North American mass timber consumption forecasted to grow at a 25% CAGR between 2025 and 2029
Green Energy	Rising demand for renewable energy, along with increased electrification of economies and Al-driven energy needs are sustaining robust growth in electricity demand. This trend is expected to accelerate as economies transition to lower-carbon energy systems and integrate advanced technologies requiring substantial energy inputs.

Canadian NBSK Supply Overview

Substantial Decrease in Total Canadian NBSK Capacity Over the Last Few Years

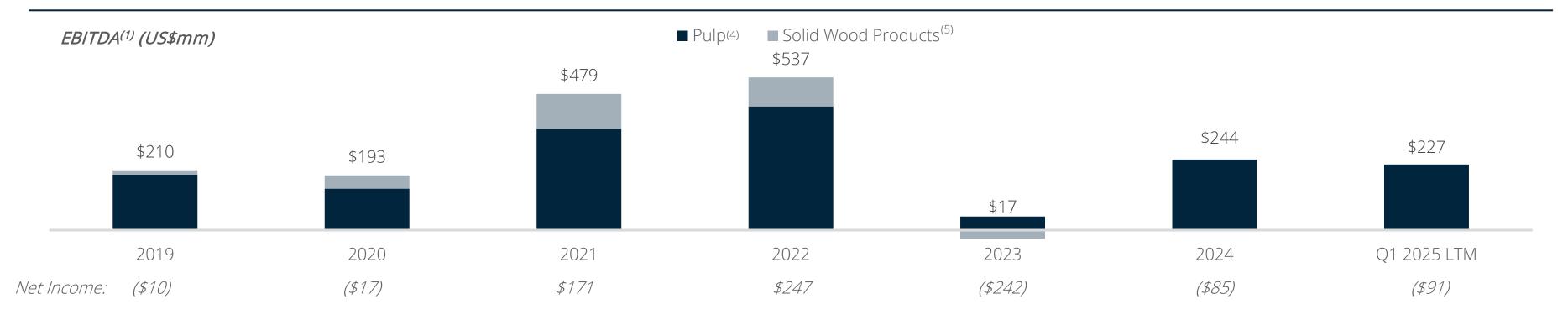


	Notable Capacity Changes (> 100,000 tonnes)						
	Company	Mill	Location	Change (000s tonnes)	Effective Date		
1	West Fraser	Hinton	Hinton, AB	(100)	2022, Q4		
	Canfor	Prince George	Prince George, BC	(250)	2023, Q2		
4	Domtar	Espanola	Espanola, ON	(110)	2023, Q4		
3	Aditya Birla Group	AV Terrace Bay	Terrace Bay, ON	(320)	2024, Q1		
	Canfor	Northwood	Prince George, ON	(300)	2024, Q3		

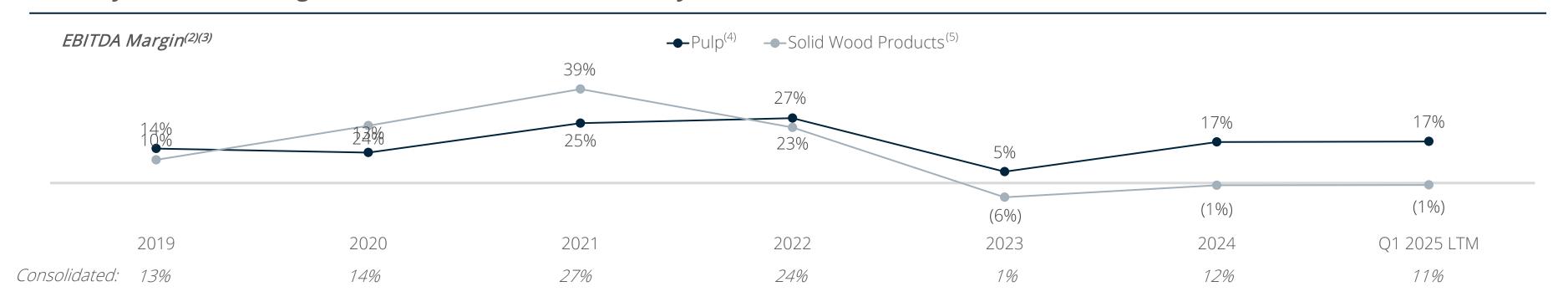
Source: PPPC, as of May 2025

Financial Performance

Cyclical Earnings through the Cycle, Strongly Influenced by Commodity Pricing (Pulp, Lumber)



History of Positive Margin Performance, Gradual Recovery from 2023 Low



(1) Operating EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure, calculated as operating loss plus depreciation and amortization and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges. Please refer to the final slide for a reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Operating EBITDA; (2) EBITDA Margin is a non-GAAP measure, calculated as Operating EBITDA / Revenue; (3) Excludes unrealized MPR synergies and energy sales from 50% owned Cariboo www.mercerint.com mill (divested in Q1 2024), recorded as an equity investment; (4) Excludes corporate segment; (5) Includes Mercer Mass Timber





With a history of growth, and sustainability and synergistic diversification ingrained in its strategy, Mercer is well-positioned to drive its future growth engines.

Strong history of positive margin

positive margin performance and continued recovery from 2023 low Global
megatrends such
as fossil fuel
replacement

driving long-term demand

Synergies from

continuous
leveraging of
geographic
clusters

Economies of scale across pulp

and solid wood segments

Innovation

through further development of biomaterials, such as lignin Strong ESG performance

demonstrated through low-risk rating among industry group and globally



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Reconciling Net Income (Loss) to Operating EBITDA

Consolidated (US\$mm) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Q1 2025 LTM
Net Income (Loss)	(\$9.6)	(\$17.2)	\$171.0	\$247.0	(\$242.1)	(\$85.1)	(\$90.8)
Add: Income Tax Provision (Recovery)	\$19.2	\$6.1	\$89.6	\$98.3	(\$27.8)	(\$1.8)	\$5.3
Add: Interest Expense	\$75.8	\$80.7	\$70.0	\$71.5	\$89.1	\$109.2	\$109.7
Add: Loss on Extinguishment of Debt	\$4.8	_	\$30.4	_	_	\$0.9	\$0.9
Add: Other Income (Expense)	(\$6.1)	(\$5.9)	(\$14.4)	(\$24.4)	(\$8.0)	(\$8.2)	(\$3.0)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$84.0	\$63.7	\$346.6	\$392.4	(\$188.8)	\$15.0	\$22.2
Add: Depreciation and Amortization	\$126.4	\$128.9	\$132.2	\$144.2	\$172.5	\$170.8	\$170.6
Add: Impairment on Assets Held for Sale	_	_	_	_	\$33.7	_	-
Add: Impairment on Disposal of Joint Venture	_	_	_	_	_	\$23.6	-
Add: Impairment on Goodwill	_	_	_	_	_	\$34.3	\$34.3
Operating EBITDA	\$210.4	\$192.7	\$478.8	\$536.5	\$17.5	\$243.7	\$227.1

	Pulp + C	orporate	Solid Wood	
Segmented (US\$mm)	Q4 2024	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q1 2025
Operating Income (Loss)	\$67.4	\$19.0	(\$17.0)	(\$12.3)
Add: Depreciation and Amortization	\$36.5	\$28.3	\$12.4	\$12.0
Operating EBITDA	\$103.9	\$47.3	(\$4.7)	(\$0.3)

Reconciling Net Income (Loss) to Operating EBITDA

Note: For other reconciliations of Net Income (Loss) to Operating EBITDA in periods not shown, please refer to that period's respective Form 10-Q or 10-K, which can be found on our website (www.mercerint.com)

Operating EBITDA is defined as operating loss plus depreciation and amortization and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges. We use Operating EBITDA as a benchmark measurement of our own operating results and as a benchmark relative to our competitors. We consider it to be a meaningful supplement to operating loss as a performance measure primarily because depreciation expense and non-recurring capital asset impairment charges are not actual cash costs, and depreciation expense varies widely from company to company in a manner that we consider largely independent of the underlying cost efficiency of our operating facilities. In addition, we believe Operating EBITDA is commonly used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to evaluate our financial performance.

Operating EBITDA does not reflect the impact of a number of items that affect our net loss, including financing costs and the effect of derivative instruments. Operating EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP, and should not be considered as an alternative to net loss or operating loss as a measure of performance, or as an alternative to net cash from (used in) operating activities as a measure of liquidity. Operating EBITDA is an internal measure and therefore may not be comparable to other companies.

Operating EBITDA has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are that Operating EBITDA does not reflect: (i) our cash expenditures, or future requirements, for capital expenditures or contractual commitments; (ii) changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital needs; (iii) the significant interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our outstanding debt; (iv) the impact of realized or marked to market changes in our derivative positions, which can be substantial; and (v) the impact of non-recurring impairment charges against our investments or assets. Because of these limitations, Operating EBITDA should only be considered as a supplemental performance measure and should not be considered as a measure of liquidity or cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business. Because all companies do not calculate Operating EBITDA in the same manner, Operating EBITDA as calculated by us may differ from Operating EBITDA or EBITDA as calculated by other companies. We compensate for these limitations by using Operating EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance and by relying primarily on our GAAP financial statements.